Key Instant Recall Facts Autumn Term 2 Year 6



I know square numbers up to 12×12 , and square roots.

×	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
2	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
3	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36
4	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48
5	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
6	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	66	72
7	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70	77	84
8	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80	88	96
9	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90	99	108
10	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
11	11	22	33	44	55	66	77	88	99	110	121	132
12	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	132	144

Key Mathematical Talk

Any number multiplied by itself creates a square number. To square a number, you multiply it by itself.

Are the squares of even numbers, even or odd? Are the squares of odd numbers, odd or even?

How could you represent a square number using practical materials such as lego, counters or food?

I know how to double and halve 2-digit decimal numbers.

Examples of questions to ask at home

How can we represent a decimal number to show its place value? When we double a number, does it affect the place value of all its digits?

Why is it easier to halve even numbers than odd numbers? Using a place value chart, what happens when you have to exchange a digit?

Can you find the doubles and halves of these decimal numbers?

Decimal	Double	Half
2.3		
4.2		
6.5		
1.4		
8.6		
12.1		
6.03		
6.12		
24.22		
42.42		

Useful Websites

https://www.topmarks.co.uk/Search.aspx?a=square+numbers

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=P-NDICmVOGa